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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 as amended

Printing date 25.07.2023 Version number 1 Revision: 25.07.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

- · Trade name: Sodium Hypochlorite 14-15%
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Product category
- PC8 Biocidal products
- PC19 Intermediate
- PC20 Processing aids such as pH-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents
- PC26 Paper and board treatment products
- PC28 Perfumes, fragrances
- PC29 Pharmaceuticals
- PC34 Textile dyes, and impregnating products
- PC35 Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)
- PC37 Water treatment chemicals
- PC0 Other

· Application of the substance / the mixture

The product has many industrial, professional and consumer applications.

· Uses advised against

Any use carrying a risk of direct contact with eyes/skin where workers are exposed without adequate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Processes involving the use of incompatible substances - refer to section 10.

Processes involving extreme heat use advised against.

Any use involving significant release of aerosol, vapour or dust in the breathing zone of workers where they are exposed without suitable respiratory protective equipment (RPE).

The product is intended exclusively for industrial and professional use.

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier:

Complete Pool Controls Ltd

Unit 2, The Park

Stoke Orchard

Bishops Cleeve

Gloucestershire

GL52 7RS

UK

Tel: +44 (0) 8712 229081 (office hours)

email: sales@cpc-chemicals.co.uk

- $\cdot \textbf{Further information obtainable from:} \ Product \ safety \ department.$
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Members of the public seeking specific information on poisons should contact:

In England and Wales: NHS 111 - dial 111

In Scotland: NHS 24 - dial 111

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

- · Hazard pictograms GHS05, GHS09
- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Sodium hypochlorite

· Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

 $\cdot \ Precautionary \ statements$

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· Additional information:

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

| · Dangerous components: | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------|
| | ~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 10-<25% |
| EINECS: 231-668-3 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) Specific concentration limit: EUH031: C ≥ 5 % | |

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Rinse contaminated clothes (fire hazard) with plenty of water.

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

· After inhalation:

In case of inhalation:

- Provide fresh air.
- In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen.
- No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use respiratory bag or oxygen resuscitation apparatus.
- Do not leave patient unattended.
- · After skin contact:

Immediately rinse with water.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

- · Information for doctor: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
- · 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe burns to skin and eyes.

Inhalation of chlorine gas is corrosive to respiratory passages and may cause irritation of the mouth, nose & throat.

Corrosive and poisonous by ingestion. Causes burns, abdominal cramps, nausea, lowered blood pressure diarrhoea, shock and coma. Death may occur in very severe cases.

Effects of exposure may be delayed.

· Hazards

Danger of gastric perforation.

Danger of pulmonary oedema.

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• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray.

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Corrosive liquid.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Chlorine gas

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Mount respiratory protective device.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

For significant release, wear full chemical suit.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

 \cdot 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g.sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Do not use combustible materials such as paper towels to clean up spills.

Significant release:

Pump into a clean labelled emergency container. After cleaning, flush away traces with water. Recover water for later processing.

Neutralize contaminated water with sodium thiosulphate solution

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with clothing and other combustible materials.

Do not mix with acids.

Avoid direct contact (skin/eye contact, ingestion and/or inhalation of fume/mist/dust) with the product in the undiluted form.

Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be available at the work area.

Contact lenses should not be worn while working with this product.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage:

· Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Do not store in aluminium or galvanised containers.

Do not store on combustible materials such as wooden floors or wooden pallets.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from foodstuffs.

Store away from flammable substances.

Do not store together with acids.

Store away from combustible materials.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the receptacle bursting.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Bulk storage: Provide a catch-tank and anti-corrosion protected electrical equipment in a bunded area.

Minimum storage temperature: 15 °C Maximum storage temperature: 25 °C

· Storage class: 8 B

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see section 7.
- \cdot Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

· DNELs

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m³

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Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: $3.1\ mg/m^3$

General Population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m³ General Population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m³ General Population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m³ General Population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m³

· PNECs

Freshwater: 210 ng/l Intermittent release: 260 ng/l Marine water: 42 ng/l STP: 4.69 mg/l

No exposure of sediment expected. No exposure of soil expected.

Secondary poisoning: 11.1 mg/kg food

· Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

A safe system of work must be formulated and followed to ensure safe working with this product. Relevant workers must receive suitable and sufficient training and supervision.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

- Respiratory protection: Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.
- · Protection of hands:



Protective gloves.

Use gloves tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN374 (EU).

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

PVC gloves

Recommended thickness of the material: $\geq 1.2 \text{ mm}$

· Penetration time of glove material

Break-through time: 480 minutes

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles conforming to EN166.

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· Body protection:

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Impervious protective clothing

Boots

Body protection must be chosen depending on product properties, activity and possible exposure.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties · General Information · Appearance: Form: Fluid Colour: Light yellow · Odour: Like chlorine · Odour threshold: Not determined. · pH-value at 20 °C: 12 · Change in condition Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined. 96-99 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range: · Flash point: Not applicable. · Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable. Decomposition temperature: Not determined. · Ignition temperature: Product is not self-igniting. Product does not present an explosion hazard. · Explosive properties: · Explosion limits: Lower: Not determined. Upper: Not determined. · Vapour pressure: Not determined. 1.2 g/cm³ · Density at 20 °C: · Relative density Not determined. · Vapour density Not determined. · Evaporation rate Not determined. · Solubility in / Miscibility with Fully miscible. water: · Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water at 20 °C: -3.42 log KOW · Viscosity: **Dynamic:** Not determined.

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|--------|----|------|---|

| Kinematic: | Not determined. |
|-------------------------|--|
| · 9.2 Other information | NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification. |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

Slowly decomposes at ambient temperatures, releasing low concentrations of chlorine gas.

Decomposes on heating, on contact with acids and under influence of light producing toxic and corrosive gases including chlorine.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with combustible and reducing materials, causing fire and explosion hazard.

Reacts with acids releasing chlorine.

Reacts with metals forming hydrogen.

Reacts to form explosive products with amines, ammonium salts, aziridine, and methanol.

Explosive reactions with formic acid and phenylacetonitrile.

- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid Heat and static discharge.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Combustible materials.

Strong acids.

Finely powdered metals.

Substances specifically listed in section 10.3 as incompatible.

 \cdot 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Chlorine

Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

Chlorine compounds

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Subacute to chronic toxicity: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may irritate and cause dermatitis.
- $\cdot \ Additional \ toxicological \ information:$

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Can be absorbed into the body by inhalation and by ingestion.

Inhalation may cause lung oedema, but only after initial corrosive effects on eyes and/or airways have become manifest. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Immediate administration of an appropriate inhalation therapy by a doctor or a person authorized by him/her, should be

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considered.

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Product is not expected to bioaccumulate.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Ecotoxical effects:
- · Remark: Very toxic for fish
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Very toxic for aquatic organisms

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · **vPvB**: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Recommended Hierarchy of Controls:

- Minimise waste;
- Reuse if not contaminated;
- Recycle, if possible; or
- Safe disposal (if all else fails).

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Contact waste processors for recycling information.

Used, degraded or contaminated product may be classified as hazardous waste. Anyone classifying hazardous waste and determining its fate must be qualified in accordance with state and international legislation.

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- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation:

Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Containers, even those that are "empty," may contain residues that can develop flammable and/or hazardous vapours upon heating. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers.

Do not mix with other waste streams.

· Hazard identification number (Kemler code):

· Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

| UN1791 |
|---|
| UN1791 HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION |
| ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION (Sodium hypochlorite) |
| HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION |
| |
| |
| |
| 8 Corrosive substances. |
| - |
| |
| 8 Corrosive substances. |
| 8 |
| |
| II |
| Product contains environmentally hazardous substance Sodium hypochlorite |
| No |
| Symbol (fish and tree) |
| |

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| · EMS Number: | F-A,S-B | |
| · Segregation groups | (SGG8) Hypochlorites | |
| · Stowage Category | В | |
| · Segregation Code | SG20 Stow "away from" SGG1-acids | |
| · 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Anne | ex II of | |
| Marpol and the IBC Code | Not applicable. | |
| · Transport/Additional information: | Not dangerous according to the above specifications. | |
| · ADR/RID/ADN | | |
| · Limited quantities (LQ) | 1L | |
| · Excepted quantities (EQ) | Code: E2 | |
| | Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml | |
| | Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml | |
| · Transport category | 2 | |
| · Tunnel restriction code | E | |
| · IMDG | | |
| · Limited quantities (LQ) | 1L | |
| · Excepted quantities (EQ) | Code: E2 | |
| | Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml | |
| | Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml | |
| · UN "Model Regulation": | UN 1791 HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, 8, I ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- \cdot 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category E1
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 200 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 500 t
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Department issuing SDS: Product safety department.

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· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2

GB